

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

(11)Publication number : 11-065140

(43)Date of publication of application : 05.03.1999

(51)Int.Cl.

G03G 5/06

G03G 5/06

G03G 5/06

G03G 5/06

G03G 5/06

(21)Application number : 09-239555

(71)Applicant : RICOH CO LTD

(22)Date of filing : 15.08.1997

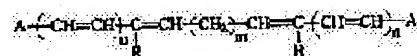
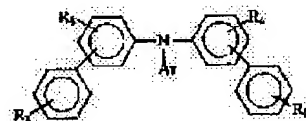
(72)Inventor : KURIMOTO EIJI
UMEDA MINORU
IKEGAMI TAKAAKI
SAKON HIROTA

(54) ELECTROPHOTOGRAPHIC PHOTORECEPTOR

(57)Abstract:

PROBLEM TO BE SOLVED: To provide an electrophotographic photoreceptor high in sensitivity and small in occurrences of deterioration of potential acceptance and deterioration of sensitivity and freed of deterioration of a photosensitive layer film and occurrence of image defects in a recorded image and occurrence of stains on a background and superior in stability against rgg uses by incorporating 2 kinds of specified compounds in a photosensitive layer formed on a conductive substrate.

SOLUTION: The photoreceptor is provided on the conductive substrate with the photosensitive layer containing the compound represented by formula I and the compound represented by formula II or the like, and in formulae I and II, each of R1 and R2 is an H atom or an amino or diaminoalkyl group or the like; each of R3 and R4 is an H atom or an alkoxy or alkyl group or the like; Ar is a monocyclic aromatic hydrocarbon or a noncondensed polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon or heterocyclic group; A is a 9-anthryl or N-substituted carbazolyl or N-substituted phenothiazinyl group or the like; R is an H atom or an alkyl or aralkyl group or the like; (m) is an integer of 2-8; and (n) is 0 or 1.



LEGAL STATUS

[Date of request for examination]

20.03.2003

[Date of sending the examiner's decision of rejection]

[Kind of final disposal of application other than the examiner's decision of rejection or application converted registration]

[Date of final disposal for application]

[Patent number]

[Date of registration]

[Number of appeal against examiner's decision of rejection]

[Date of requesting appeal against examiner's decision of rejection]

[Date of extinction of right]

Drawings are not displayable due to the volume of the data (more than 200 drawings).

*** NOTICES ***

Japan Patent Office is not responsible for any damages caused by the use of this translation.

1. This document has been translated by computer. So the translation may not reflect the original precisely.
2. **** shows the word which can not be translated.
3. In the drawings, any words are not translated.

CLAIMS

[Claim(s)]

[Claim 1] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (1) at least, the following general formula (2), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 1]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / the dialkylamino radical which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, substitute, or /, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or], and R3 and R4 express the alkyl group or halogen atom which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, an alkoxy group, substitute, or].) Ar expresses the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the non-condensing polycyclic-aromatic-hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / the monocyclic aromatic compound hydrocarbon group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].

[Formula 2]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (a).

[Formula 3]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or]. m expresses the integer of 2-8 and n expresses the integer of 0 or 1.]

[Formula 4]

(Ar expresses among a formula the biphenylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], R1, R2, and R3 express the alkyl group and alkoxy group which may have a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, or a substituent, an aryloxy group, an alkyl sulfhydryl group, a methylene dioxy radical, the methylene dithio, and an aryl group, and even if R1, R2, and R3 are the same respectively, they may differ.) l, m, and n express the integer of 1-5, and when each is the integer of 2-5, even if R1, R2, and R3 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 5]

(Among the formula, A1 and A2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) Ar expresses the condensation polynuclear hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 6]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.) R3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, substitute, or] and a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and l expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When l and m are two or more integers, even if R4 and R5 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 7]

(R1 expresses among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R2, R3, and R4 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a methylene dioxy radical, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or].) h expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and k and l express the integer of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. When h, k, and l are two or more integers, even if R2, R3, and R4 are the same, they may differ. n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and m expresses the integer of 4-n. When m is two or more, R1 may be the same or may differ.

[Formula 8]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed.

[Formula 9]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 10]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, substitute, or]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [j / the integer of 1-5, and k] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 11]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 12]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 13]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 14]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 15]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or].)

[Formula 16]

A-CH₂CH₂-Ar₁-CH₂CH₂-A (14)

Ar₁ expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 17]

(-- however, Ar₂ is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 18]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 19]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 20]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ.]

[Formula 21]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 22]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

]

[Formula 23]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 24]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [substitute or].)

[Formula 25]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 26]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].).) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 27]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of 1-4.

[Formula 28]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ.

[Formula 29]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 2] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 1 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (1) at least, general formula (2), or (24).

[Claim 3] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 1 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (1) at least, general formula (2), or (24).

[Claim 4] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (2) at least, the following general formula (3), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 30]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazoyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (a).

[Formula 31]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or]. m expresses the integer of 2-8 and n expresses the integer of 0 or 1.]

[Formula 32]

(Ar expresses among a formula the biphenylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], R1, R2, and R3 express the alkyl group and alkoxy group which may have a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, or a substituent, an aryloxy group, an alkyl sulfhydryl group, a methylene dioxy radical, the methylene dithio, and an aryl group, and even if R1, R2, and R3 are the same respectively, they may differ.) l, m, and n express the integer of 1-5, and when each is the integer of 2-5, even if R1, R2, and R3 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 33]

(Among the formula, A1 and A2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) Ar expresses the condensation polynuclear hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 34]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.) R3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, substitute, or] and a halogen atom. m

expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and l expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When l and m are two or more integers, even if R4 and R5 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 35]

(R1 expresses among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R2, R3, and R4 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a methylene dioxy radical, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or].) h expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and k and l express the integer of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. When h, k, and l are two or more integers, even if R2, R3, and R4 are the same, they may differ. n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and m expresses the integer of 4-n. When m is two or more, R1 may be the same or may differ.

[Formula 36]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed.

[Formula 37]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 38]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, substitute, or]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [j / the integer of 1-5, and k] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 39]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 40]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 41]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 42]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 43]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or].)

[Formula 44]

A-CH₂CH₂-Ar₁-CH₂CH₂-A (14)

Ar₁ expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 45]

(-- however, Ar₂ is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 46]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 47]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 48]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ.]

[Formula 49]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazoyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 50]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

[Formula 51]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 52]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [substitute or].)

[Formula 53]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 54]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].).) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 55]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of 1-4.

[Formula 56]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and Ar3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, Ar3, or A2 is the same, it may differ.

[Formula 57]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 5] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 4 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (2) at least, general formula (3), or (24).

[Claim 6] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 4 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (2) at least, general formula (3), or (24).

[Claim 7] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (3) at least, the following general formula (4), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 58]

(Ar expresses among a formula the biphenylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], R1, R2, and R3 express the alkyl group and alkoxy group which may have a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, or a substituent, an aryloxy group, an alkyl sulfhydryl group, a methylene dioxy radical, the methylene dithio, and an aryl group, and even if R1, R2, and R3 are the same respectively, they may differ.) l, m, and n express the integer of 1-5, and when each is the integer of 2-5, even if R1, R2, and R3 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 59]

(Among the formula, A1 and A2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) Ar expresses the condensation polynuclear hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 60]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /,

substitute, or], and n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.) R3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, substitute, or] and a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and l expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When l and m are two or more integers, even if R4 and R5 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 61]

(R1 expresses among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R2, R3, and R4 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a methylene dioxy radical, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or].) h expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and k and l express the integer of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. When h, k, and l are two or more integers, even if R2, R3, and R4 are the same, they may differ. n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and m expresses the integer of 4-n. When m is two or more, R1 may be the same or may differ.

[Formula 62]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed.

[Formula 63]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 64]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, substitute, or]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [j / the integer of 1-5, and k] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 65]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 66]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 67]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 68]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 69]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or].)

[Formula 70]

A-CH₂CH₂-Ar₁-CH₂CH₂-A (14)

Ar₁ expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 71]

(-- however, Ar₂ is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 72]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 73]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 74]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ.]

[Formula 75]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazoyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 76]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.]

[Formula 77]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 78]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [substitute or].)

[Formula 79]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 80]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].)) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 81]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of 1-4.

[Formula 82]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or], and A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / A3 hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ.

[Formula 83]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 8] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 7 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (3) at least, general formula (4), or (24).

[Claim 9] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 7 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (3) at least, general formula (4), or (24).

[Claim 10] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (4) at least, the following general formula (5), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 84]

(Among the formula, A1 and A2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) Ar expresses the condensation polynuclear hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 85]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.) R3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, substitute, or] and a halogen atom. m

expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and l expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When l and m are two or more integers, even if R4 and R5 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 86]

(R1 expresses among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R2, R3, and R4 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a methylene dioxy radical, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or].) h expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and k and l express the integer of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. When h, k, and l are two or more integers, even if R2, R3, and R4 are the same, they may differ. n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and m expresses the integer of 4-n. When m is two or more, R1 may be the same or may differ.

[Formula 87]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed.

[Formula 88]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 89]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, substitute, or]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [j / the integer of 1-5, and k] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 90]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 91]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 92]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 93]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 94]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or].)

[Formula 95]

A-CH₂CH₂-Ar1-CH₂CH₂-A (14)

Ar1 expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 96]

(-- however, Ar2 is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 97]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 98]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 99]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ.]

[Formula 100]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazoyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 101]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

[Formula 102]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 103]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [substitute or].)

[Formula 104]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 105]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].)) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 106]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of 1-4.

[Formula 107]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ.

[Formula 108]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 11] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 10 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (4) at least, general formula (5), or (24).

[Claim 12] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 10 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (4) at least, general formula (5), or (24).

[Claim 13] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (5) at least, the following general formula (6), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 109]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.) R3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, substitute, or] and a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and l expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When l and m are two or more integers, even if R4 and R5 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 110]

(R1 expresses among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R2, R3, and R4 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a methylene dioxy radical, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or].) h expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and k and l express the integer of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

When h, k, and l are two or more integers, even if R2, R3, and R4 are the same, they may differ. n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and m expresses the integer of 4-n. When m is two or more, R1 may be the same or may differ.

[Formula 111]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed.

[Formula 112]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 113]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, substitute, or]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [j / the integer of 1-5, and k] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 114]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 115]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 116]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 117]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 118]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or].)

[Formula 119]

A-CH₂CH₂-Ar₁-CH₂CH₂-A (14)

Ar₁ expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A is N-substitute carbazoyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 120]

(-- however, Ar₂ is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 121]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 122]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazoyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 123]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ.]

[Formula 124]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazoyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 125]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the

alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.
]

[Formula 126]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 127]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [substitute or].)

[Formula 128]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 129]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].)) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 130]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of 1-4.

[Formula 131]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ.

[Formula 132]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 14] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 13 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (5) at least, general formula (6), or (24).

[Claim 15] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 13 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (5) at least, general formula (6), or (24).

[Claim 16] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (6) at least, the following general formula (7), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 133]

(R1 expresses among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R2, R3, and R4 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, the amino group, an alkoxy group, a thio alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a methylene dioxy radical, substitute, or /, a halogen atom, substitute, or].) h expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and k and l express the integer of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. When h, k, and l are two or more integers, even if R2, R3, and R4 are the same, they may differ. n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4, and m expresses the integer of 4-n. When m is two or more, R1 may be the same or may differ.

[Formula 134]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed.

[Formula 135]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 136]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, substitute, or]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [j / the integer of 1-5, and k] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 137]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 138]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 139]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 140]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 141]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or].)

[Formula 142]

A-CH₂CH₂-Ar₁-CH₂CH₂-A (14)

Ar₁ expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A is N-substitute carbazoyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 143]

(-- however, Ar₂ is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 144]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 145]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazoyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 146]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ.]

[Formula 147]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazoyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 148]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.]

[Formula 149]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 150]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [substitute or].)

[Formula 151]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 152]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 153]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of 1-4.

[Formula 154]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ.

[Formula 155]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 17] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 16 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (6) at least, general formula (7), or (24).

[Claim 18] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 16 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (6) at least, general formula (7), or (24).

[Claim 19] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (7) at least, the following general formula (8), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 156]

(Among the formula, R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or / substitute, or], and even if respectively the same, they may differ.) However, 1 and 6-diamino pyrene compound is removed.

[Formula 157]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 158]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, substitute, or]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [j / the integer of 1-5, and k] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 159]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 160]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 161]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 162]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 163]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or].)

[Formula 164]

A-CH₂CH₂-Ar₁-CH₂CH₂-A (14)

Ar₁ expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A is N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 165]

(-- however, Ar₂ is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R₁ and R₂ are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 166]

(R₁ expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R₂ and R₃ express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 167]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 168]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R₁ and R₂ are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ.]

[Formula 169]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazolyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 170]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], and R₁ and R₂ express the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

[Formula 171]

(R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, and R₅ express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 172]

(R₁ and R₂ express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and at least one of R₁ and R₂ expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [substitute or].)

[Formula 173]

(R₁ and R₂ express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and even if R₁ and R₂ are the same, they may differ.) R₃ and R₄ express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R₃ and R₄ are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 174]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) R₁ and R₂ express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R₃ and R₄ express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R₃ may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 175]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R₁ and R₂ express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of 1-4.

[Formula 176]

(A₁ expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or], A₂ expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A₃ expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A₁, A₃, or A₂ is the same, it may differ.

[Formula 177]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 20] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 19 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by

general formula (7) at least, general formula (8), or (24).

[Claim 21] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 19 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (7) at least, general formula (8), or (24).

[Claim 22] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (8) at least, the following general formula (9), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 178]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 179]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, substitute, or]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [j / the integer of 1-5, and k] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 180]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 181]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 182]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 183]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 184]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or].)

[Formula 185]

A-CH₂CH₂-Ar₁-CH₂CH₂-A (14)

Ar₁ expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A is N-substitute carbazoyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 186]

(-- however, Ar₂ is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 187]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 188]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazoyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 189]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ.]

[Formula 190]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazoyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 191]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which

is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

[Formula 192]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 193]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [substitute or].)

[Formula 194]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 195]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].).) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 196]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of 1-4.

[Formula 197]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or], A2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and m+n is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ.

[Formula 198]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 23] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 22 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (8) at least, general formula (9), or (24).

[Claim 24] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 22 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (8) at least, general formula (9), or (24).

[Claim 25] An electrophotography photo conductor characterized by coming to prepare a sensitization layer containing a kind of a compound shown by compound shown by the following general formula (9) at least, the following general formula (10), or (24) on a conductive base material.

[Formula 199]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a nitro group, a cyano group, substitute, or], R3 and R4 express the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, a cyano group, an alkoxy carbonyl group, substitute, or], and R5 expresses a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, or an alkoxy group.) W expresses the alkyl group which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, substitute, or]. In the integer of 1-4, and l, the integer of 0-2 and m express the integer of 1 or 2, and n expresses [j / the integer of 1-5, and k] the integer of 1-3.

[Formula 200]

the inside of [type, and R1 -- a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a cyano group, and a low-grade alkyl group -- expressing -- Ar -- the following general formula (b) -- or (c) --

[Formula 201]

(-- however, R2, R3, and R6 express the benzyl which is not replaced [the low-grade alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or], and R4 and R5 express a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, or a JI low-grade alkylamino radical.) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 202]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group, and chloro ethyl group or a hydroxyethyl radical among a formula, R2 expresses a hydrogen atom or a halogen atom, and R3 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and JI low-grade alkylamino radical, the

diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 203]

(R1 expresses a low-grade alkyl group among a formula, and R2 expresses the heterocycle residue which is not replaced [the ring residue which is not replaced / the styryl radical which is not replaced / a low-grade alkyl group and J1 low-grade alkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, substitute, or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].)

[Formula 204]

(Among a formula, even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ from each other, and they express the aralkyl radical which is not replaced [a hydrogen atom, low-grade alkyl group and hydroxy low-grade alkyl group, a Krol low-grade alkyl group the acyl group of the carbon numbers 1-2 of alkyl, the cycloalkyl radical of the carbon numbers 5-6 of alkyl, substitute, or].)

[Formula 205]

A-CH₂CH₂-Ar₁-CH₂CH₂-A (14)

Ar₁ expresses among [type the heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A is N-substitute carbazoyl radical or the following general formula (d) which is not replaced [substitute or].

[Formula 206]

(-- however, Ar₂ is a heterocycle radical which is not replaced [the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- it expresses.]

[Formula 207]

(R1 expresses a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, an aryloxy group, a dialkylamino radical, the diaryl amino group, or a halogen atom among a formula, R2 and R3 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute or], and Ar expresses an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Formula 208]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazoyl radical or the following general formula (e).

[Formula 209]

(-- however, Ar is an aromatic hydrocarbon radical or a heterocycle radical, and R1 and R2 are aryl groups which are not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. n expresses the integer of 0-4, and when n is two or more, even if R is the same, it may differ.]

[Formula 210]

The inside of [type and A are N-substitute carbazoyl radical which is not replaced [9-anthryl radical, substitute, or], an N-substituted phenothiazinyl group, or the following general formula (f).

[Formula 211]

(-- however, Ar expresses the arylene radical which is not replaced [substitute or], and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) -- expressing, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the aralkyl radical which is not replaced / the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute or /, substitute, or /, substitute, or]. n expresses the integer of 0-8.

[Formula 212]

(R1, R2, R3, R4, and R5 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom among a formula, and even if these are the same, they may differ.)

[Formula 213]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and at least one of R1 and R2 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [substitute or].)

[Formula 214]

(R1 and R2 express among a formula the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and even if R1 and R2 are the same, they may differ.) R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. m expresses the integer of 1, 2, and 3 and n expresses the integer of 1, 2, 3, and 4. When m or n is two or more, even if R3 and R4 are the same, they may differ.

[Formula 215]

(m expresses the integer of 0 or 1 among a formula, and when m is 1, X expresses an oxygen atom, a sulfur atom, -CH₂-, -CH₂CH₂-, -CH=CH-, or -N(R)- (however, R expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].).) R1 and R2 express an alkyl group, an aralkyl radical, a ring type aromatic series radical, or a heterocycle radical, and R3 and R4 express a hydrogen atom, an alkyl group, an alkoxy group, or a halogen atom. Ar expresses a ring type aromatic series radical or a heterocycle radical. n expresses the integer of 0 or 1. R3 may form the benzene ring with X.

[Formula 216]

(Ar expresses a phenylene group or a biphenylene radical among a formula, and R1 and R2 express the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of 1-4.

[Formula 217]

(A1 expresses among a formula the aromatic hydrocarbon radical which is not replaced [substitute or], A2 expresses the aryl

group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / substitute or /, substitute, or], and A3 expresses the aryl group which is not replaced [the alkyl group which is not replaced / a hydrogen atom, substitute, or /, substitute, or].) n expresses the integer of m and 1, or 2, and $m+n$ is 3. However, when n is m or 2, even if A1, A3, or A2 is the same, it may differ. [Formula 218]

(R expresses a low-grade alkyl group or benzyl among a formula, and X expresses the amino group replaced by a hydrogen atom, a low-grade alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a halogen atom, the nitro group, the amino group, the low-grade alkyl group, or benzyl.) n expresses the integer of 1 or 2.

[Claim 26] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 25 characterized by containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer becomes from a charge generating layer which uses a charge transportation layer and a charge generating material as a principal component at least, and this charge transportation layer is shown by compound shown by general formula (9) at least, general formula (10), or (24).

[Claim 27] An electrophotography photo conductor according to claim 25 characterized by consisting of a monolayer sensitization layer containing one sort of a compound in which a sensitization layer is shown by compound shown by charge generating material and general formula (9) at least, general formula (10), or (24).

[Translation done.]